according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Freon™ 134a Auto (HFC-134a) Refrigerant

Versi 11.9	ion	Revision Date: 12/11/2023		DS Number: 29655-00047	Date of last issue: 04/21/2023 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017		
SECT	SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION						
I	Product name		:	Freon™ 134a Auto (HFC-134a) Refrigerant			
Ş	SDS-Identcode		:	13000024024			
I	Manufa	acturer or supplier's	deta	ails			
(Company name of supplier		:	The Chemours C	ompany FC, LLC		
/	Address		:	1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19801 United States of America (USA)			
-	Telephone		:	1-844-773-CHEM (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-1000)			
I	Emergency telephone		:	Medical emergency: 1-866-595-1473 (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-2000) ; Transport emergency: +1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)			
I	Recommended use of the		hen	nical and restriction	ons on use		
I	Recom	mended use	:	Refrigerant			
I	Restrictions on use		:	For professional a	and industrial installation and use only.		

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)					
Gases under pressure	:	Liquefied gas			
Simple Asphyxiant					
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms	:	$\langle \cdot \rangle$			
Signal Word	:	Warning			
Hazard Statements	:	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.			
Precautionary Statements	:	Storage: P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.			

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Other hazards

Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects.

Rapid evaporation of the product may cause frostbite.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Substance
Substance name	:	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
CAS-No.	:	811-97-2

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane#	811-97-2	>= 99.9 - <= 100
# Voluntarily-disclosed substance		

Voluntarily-disclosed substance

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad- vice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled	:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.
In case of skin contact	:	Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention immediately.
In case of eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately.
If swallowed	:	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	May cause cardiac arrhythmia. Other symptoms potentially related to misuse or inhalation abuse are Cardiac sensitization Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness Dizziness confusion Lack of coordination Drowsiness Unconsciousness May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.



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				Contact with liquid and frostbite.	d or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns	
	Protect	tion of first-aiders	:	No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders.		
	Notes to physician		:	Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, ca- techolamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be used with spe- cial caution.		
SEC	TION 5	. FIRE-FIGHTING ME	ASU	IRES		
	Suitabl	e extinguishing media	:	Not applicable Will not burn		
	Unsuitable extinguishing media		:	Not applicable Will not burn		
	Specific hazards during fire fighting		:		pustion products may be a hazard to health. rises there is danger of the vessels bursting por pressure.	
	Hazard ucts	lous combustion prod-	:	Hydrogen fluoride carbonyl fluoride Carbon oxides		
	Specifi ods	c extinguishing meth-	:	cumstances and t Fight fire remotely Use water spray t	measures that are appropriate to local cir- he surrounding environment. due to the risk of explosion. o cool unopened containers. ged containers from fire area if it is safe to do	
		l protective equipment fighters	:	necessary.	ed breathing apparatus for firefighting if ective equipment.	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite). Ventilate the area. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro- tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Ventilate the area. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dispo- sal of this material, as well as those materials and items em-

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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		which regula Sections 13	cleanup of releases. You will need to determine tions are applicable. and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding or national requirements.		
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND ST	ORAGE			
Tech	nical measures	preventative	Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow preventative device in piping. Close valve after each use and when empty.		
Local	/Total ventilation	: Use only with	n adequate ventilation.		
Advic	e on safe handling	practice, bas sessment Wear cold in Valve protec remain in pla piped to use Prevent back Use a check zardous back Use a press to lower pres Close valve or force fit co Prevent the i Never attem Do not drag, Use a suitab Keep away f Take precau	cordance with good industrial hygiene and safety ed on the results of the workplace exposure as- sulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection. tion caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must uce unless container is secured with valve outlet point. cflow into the gas tank. valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent ha- k flow into the cylinder. ure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder soure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. after each use and when empty. Do NOT change onnections. ntrusion of water into the gas tank. pt to lift cylinder by its cap. slide or roll cylinders. le hand truck for cylinder movement. rom heat and sources of ignition. tionary measures against static discharges. prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the		
Cond	itions for safe storage	vent falling o Separate full Do not store Avoid area w Keep in prop Keep in a co Keep away f	ould be stored upright and firmly secured to pre- r being knocked over. containers from empty containers. near combustible materials. /here salt or other corrosive materials are present. erly labeled containers. ol, well-ventilated place. rom direct sunlight. ordance with the particular national regulations.		
Mater	rials to avoid		ents quids		

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			Substances and r flammable gases Explosives Very acutely toxic Acutely toxic subs	tances and mixtures nixtures which in contact with water emit substances and mixtures stances and mixtures nixtures with chronic toxicity
	Recommended storage tem- perature	:	< 126 °F / < 52 °C	
5	Storage period	:	> 10 y	
	Further information on stor- age stability	:	The product has a	an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2	TWA	1,000 ppm	US WEEL

Engineering measures	:	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
		Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazar- dous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Hand protection Material	:	Low temperature resistant gloves
Remarks	:	Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to che- micals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove



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				ish hands before breaks and at the end of rough time is not determined for the pro- res often!
Ey	e protection	:		g personal protective equipment: t goggles must be worn.
Sk	in and body protection	:	Skin should be wa	ashed after contact.
Pr	otective measures	:	Wear cold insulati	ng gloves/ face shield/ eye protection.
Ну	giene measures	:	eye flushing syste king place. When using do no	emical is likely during typical use, provide oms and safety showers close to the wor- ot eat, drink or smoke. ed clothing before re-use.
SECTI	ON 9. PHYSICAL AND CHE	EMI		3
Ap	ppearance	:	Liquefied gas	
Co	blor	:	colorless	
O	dor	:	: slight, ether-like	
O	dor Threshold	:	: No data available	
p⊦	ł	:	: No data available	
M	elting point/freezing point	:	-162 °F / -108 °C	
	tial boiling point and boiling nge	:	-15 °F / -26 °C (1,013 hPa)	
Fla	ash point	:	Not applicable	
E٧	raporation rate	:	: > 1 (CCL4=1.0)	
Fla	ammability (solid, gas)	:	: Will not burn	
Se	elf-ignition	:	The substance of	r mixture is not classified as pyrophoric.
	oper explosion limit / Upper mmability limit	:	Upper flammabili Method: ASTM E None.	

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		explosion limit / Lower bility limit	:	Lower flammabili Method: ASTM E None.	
	Vapor p	pressure	:	5,700 hPa (68 °F	/ 20 °C)
	Relative	e vapor density	:	3.6	
	Relative	e density	:	1.208 (77 °F / 25	°C)
	Density		:	1.21 g/cm³ (77 °F (as liquid)	7 / 25 °C)
	Solubilit Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	1.5 g/l(77 °F / 2	5 °C)
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		:	log Pow: 0.025 (7	77 °F / 25 °C)
	Autoignition temperature		:	> 1369 °F / > 743	°C
	Decomposition temperature		:	No data available	
	Viscosit Visc	y osity, kinematic	:	Not applicable	
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not explosive	
	Oxidizir	ng properties	:	The substance or	mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
	Particle	size	:	Not applicable	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.		
Chemical stability	:	Stable if used as directed. Follow precautionary advice and avoid incompatible materials and conditions.		
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Can react with strong oxidizing agents.		
Conditions to avoid	:	This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 °C (212 °F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on		

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		and 3) the p substance s mospheric p enriched en NOT be mix purposes.	ationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this should not be allowed to exist with air above at- pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen vironment. For example this substance should and with air under pressure for leak testing or other s and sparks.	
Inc	ompatible materials	: Oxidizing a	: Oxidizing agents	
	zardous decomposition ducts	: No hazardo	us decomposition products are known.	

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Acute oral toxicity :	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox- icity
Acute inhalation toxicity :	LC50 (Rat): > 567000 ppm Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
	No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 40000 ppm Test atmosphere: gas Remarks: Cardiac sensitization
	Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 80000 ppm Test atmosphere: gas Symptoms: May cause cardiac arrhythmia.
	Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 334,000 mg/m ³ Test atmosphere: gas Symptoms: May cause cardiac arrhythmia.
Acute dermal toxicity :	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

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<u>Com</u>	ponents:			
1,1,1	2-Tetrafluoroethane:	:		
Resu		:	No skin irritation	
	us eye damage/eye i lassified based on ava			
Com	ponents:			
1,1,1 , Resu	2-Tetrafluoroethane:	:	No eye irritation	
Resp	iratory or skin sensit	tizatio	n	
-	sensitization lassified based on ava	ilable	information.	
-	iratory sensitization lassified based on ava	ilable	information.	
Com	ponents:			
1,1,1,	2-Tetrafluoroethane:	:		
Route Resu	es of exposure It	:	Skin contact negative	
	es of exposure	:	Inhalation	
Speci Resu		:	Rat negative	
			-	
Route Speci	es of exposure	:	Inhalation Humans	
Resu		:	negative	
	n cell mutagenicity lassified based on ava	ilable	information.	
Com	ponents:			
1,1,1	2-Tetrafluoroethane:	:		
	toxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacter Method: OECD T Result: negative	rial reverse mutation assay (AMES) est Guideline 471
			Test Type: Chrom Method: OECD T Result: negative	nosome aberration test in vitro est Guideline 473

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: inhalation (gas)

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ersion 1.9	Revision Date: 12/11/2023	SDS Number: 1329655-00047	Date of last issue: 04/21/2023 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017		
		Method: OECD T Result: negative	est Guideline 474		
		Test Type: Unsch mammalian liver o Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD T Result: negative	: inhalation (gas)		
	cell mutagenicity - ssment	: Weight of evidend cell mutagen.	ce does not support classification as a germ		
Not cl	nogenicity assified based on ava ponents:	ilable information.			
1,1,1,	2-Tetrafluoroethane	:			
	cation Route sure time od	: Rat : inhalation (gas) : 2 Years : OECD Test Guide : negative	eline 453		
Carcir ment	nogenicity - Assess-	: Weight of evidend cinogen	ce does not support classification as a car-		
IARC			t at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is onfirmed human carcinogen by IARC.		
OSH/		ent of this product prese list of regulated carcinog	nt at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is lens.		
NTP	5	No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.			
-	oductive toxicity assified based on ava	ilable information.			
<u>Comp</u>	oonents:				
1,1,1,	2-Tetrafluoroethane	:			
Effect	s on fertility	: Species: Mouse Application Route Result: negative	: Inhalation		
Effect	s on fetal developme				
		10 / 15			

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Reproductive toxicity - As- : Weight of evidence does not support classification for rep ductive toxicity STOT-single exposure May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Components: 1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less STOT-repeated exposure : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less STOT-repeated exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : inhalation (gas) Assessment : inhalation (gas) Assessment : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity : : Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : : Model : : Model : : Application Route :	rsion 9	Revision Date: 12/11/2023		DS Number: 29655-00047	Date of last issue: 04/21/2023 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less STOT-repeated exposure Not classified based on available information. Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 2 y Method : OECD Test Guideline 453	•	•	:		ence does not support classification for repro
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less STOT-repeated exposure Not classified based on available information. Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 2 y Method : 0ECD Test Guideline 453		• •	use	rapid suffocation.	
Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concursions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less STOT-repeated exposure Not classified based on available information. Components: . 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: . Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concursions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity . Components: . 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: . Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 2 y Method : OECD Test Guideline 453	<u>Comp</u>	oonents:			
Not classified based on available information. Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 2 y Method : 0ECD Test Guideline 453	Route	s of exposure	:	No significant h	ealth effects observed in animals at concent
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: inhalation (gas) Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concursions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : >50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 2 y Method : OECD Test Guideline 453			lable	information.	
Routes of exposure : inhalation (gas) Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concertions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less. Repeated dose toxicity Components: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: . Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : >50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 2 y Method : OECD Test Guideline 453	<u>Comp</u>	oonents:			
Components: 1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : >50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 2 y Method : OECD Test Guideline 453 Aspiration toxicity Not classified based on available information.	Route	s of exposure	:	No significant h	ealth effects observed in animals at concent
1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:Species:Rat, male and femaleNOAEL:50000 ppmLOAEL:>50000 ppmApplication Route:inhalation (gas)Exposure time:2 yMethod:OECD Test Guideline 453Aspiration toxicityNot classified based on available information.	Repe	ated dose toxicity			
Species:Rat, male and femaleNOAEL:50000 ppmLOAEL:>50000 ppmApplication Route:inhalation (gas)Exposure time:2 yMethod:OECD Test Guideline 453	Comp	oonents:			
NOAEL: 50000 ppmLOAEL: >50000 ppmApplication Route: inhalation (gas)Exposure time: 2 yMethod: OECD Test Guideline 453Aspiration toxicityNot classified based on available information.	1,1,1,	2-Tetrafluoroethane:			
Not classified based on available information.	NOAE LOAE Applic Expos	EL L ation Route sure time		50000 ppm >50000 ppm inhalation (gas) 2 y	
Components:	-	•	lable	information.	
	Comp	oonents:			
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:	1,1,1,	2-Tetrafluoroethane:			

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

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Toxici	ty to fish	:	Exposure time: 9	chus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 450 mg/l 6 h on (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.1
	ty to daphnia and other ic invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 4	nagna (Water flea)): 980 mg/l 8 h on (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2
Toxici plants	ty to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (green alg Exposure time: 9 Remarks: Based	
Persis	stence and degradabili	ity		
Comp	oonents:			
1,1,1,	2-Tetrafluoroethane:			
Biode	gradability	:	Result: Not readil Method: OECD T	y biodegradable. est Guideline 301D
Bioac	cumulative potential			
Comp	oonents:			
1,1,1,	2-Tetrafluoroethane:			
Bioac	cumulation	: Remarks: Bioaccu		umulation is unlikely.
	on coefficient: n- ol/water	:	log Pow: 1.06	
Mobil	ity in soil			
	ta available			
Othor	adverse effects			
	ta available			

Waste from residues	: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	 Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Prope Class Packi Label	UN number Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels Environmentally hazardous		UN 3159 1,1,1,2-TETRAFL 2.2 Not assigned by r 2.2 no	
UN/IE Prope Class Packi Label Packi aircra Packi	er shipping name ing group Is ing instruction (cargo	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	UN 3159 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluor 2.2 Not assigned by r Non-flammable, r 200 200	regulation
UN n	3-Code umber er shipping name	:	UN 3159 1,1,1,2-TETRAFL	UOROETHANE
Label EmS	ing group		2.2 Not assigned by r 2.2 F-C, S-V no	regulation
	sport in bulk according	-		OL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Dom	estic regulation			

49 CFR UN/ID/NA number Proper shipping name	:	UN 3159 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
Class Packing group Labels ERG Code Marine pollutant		2.2 Not assigned by regulation NON-FLAMMABLE GAS 126 no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

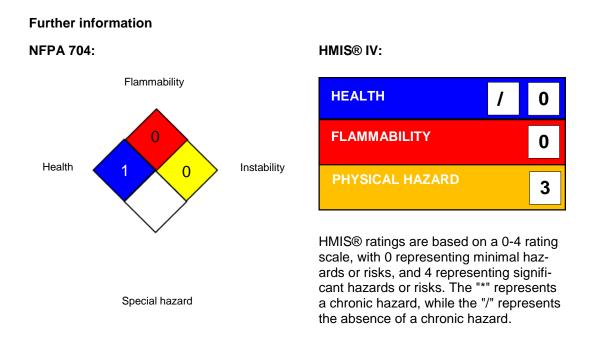
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	•		hreshold Planning Quantity ith a section 302 EHS TPQ.
SAR	A 311/312 Hazards	: Gases under p Simple Asphyx	
SAR	A 313	known CAS nu	oes not contain any chemical components with mbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) s established by SARA Title III, Section 313.
US S	tate Regulations		
Penn	sylvania Right To Kr 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluor		811-97-2
	national Regulations real Protocol		: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION



Freon[™] and any associated logos are trademarks or copyrights of The Chemours Company FC, LLC.

Chemours [™] and the Chemours Logo are trademarks of The Chemours Company. Before use read Chemours safety information.

For further information contact the local Chemours office or nominated distributors.

Full text of other abbreviations

US WEEL	:	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
US WEEL / TWA	:	8-hr TWA

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Freon[™] 134a Auto (HFC-134a) Refrigerant

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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet	:	Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen- cy, http://echa.europa.eu/
Revision Date	:	12/11/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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